

Who has created the Euro sign, and what does it symbolize?

1 - Alain Billiet; it represents Europe and the stability of Euro.

2 - Romano Prodi; it represents the link between Western and Eastern countries.

3 - Marsu Pilami; it represents the half moon and the sea as symbols of light and vastity.

Where and how often does the European Council meet?

1 - Once a month, usually in Strasbourg.

2 - Twice every six months, usually in Brussels.

3 - Once a year, usually in Luxembourg.

Can you list the EU citizens' rights?

1 – travel, study and live anywhere in the EU, right to consular protection right to petition the EU Parliament and complain to EU ombudsman.

2 – travel, live and work anywhere in EU, vote in any member state and visit the EU Parliament.

3 – travel, study and marry in any member state, unemployment wage and freedom of speech.

What do you mean by European citizenship?

1 - European citizens are no longer citizen of their native countries.

2 - European citizenship allows you to travel to the USA without any visa.

3 - Every person holding the nationality of a EU member state is a EU citizen in addition to national citizenship.

Which continent does the EU pay close attention to?

1 - Oceania

2 - Africa

3 - Asia

What are the founding countries?

**1 - Belgium-France-Italy-Greece-
Luxemburg-Spain**

**2 - Belgium-France-Italy-The Netherlands-
Luxemburg-Germany**

**3 - Germany-Spain-Italy-Greece-France-
Luxemburg**

How many % of EU energy comes from fossil fuels?

1 - 60%

2 - 20%

3 - 80%

What is EU's annual budget on?

1 - € 120 Billions

2 - € 300 Billions

3 - € 1 Billion

Which areas are covered by the Lisbon strategy?

1 – Steel and coal production

2 – Knowledge, telecommunication and security systems.

3 – a Disneyland in every member state

What is the main responsibility of the European Parliament?

1 – To pass European laws on the basis of proposals presented by the EU commission.

2 – To pass European laws on the basis of proposals presented by national governments.

3 – To interact with extra-european parliaments in order to reach economical agreements.

**Name the country whose
membership criteria were
defined in 1993?**

1 – Romania

2 – Norway

3 – Denmark

What are the symbols of EU citizenship?

1 – the motto “United in Diversity”, the flag, the anthem, the EU day (may the 9th) and the Euro

2 – the motto “One nation, One station”, the food, the flag and the handshake

3 – the motto “We'll be one”, the flag, the anthem and the blue ribbon

Which are the important items for the EU strategy?

1 – Common football team and army, common currency, common language

2 – Scientific research, education, vocational training

3 – Peace, love and prosperity

How does the EU intend to respond to the transformation of our economy?

1 – Banning Chinese and Indian products from its territory

2 – Making the European economy more competitive, through liberalisation of telecommunications, services and energy

3 – Improving e-commerce

The background of the slide is a map of Europe with a blue tint. Overlaid on the map are several yellow stars, similar to the flag of the European Union, scattered across the continent.

Since when Euro has been used for non cash transactions?

1 – Since 1999

2 – Since 2000

3 – Since 2002

**Which country will join the EU in
2013?**

1 – Russia

2 – Norway

3 - Croatia

When were the first President and High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs elected?

1 – in 2000

2 – in 2009

3 – in 2012

**Who is the person depicted on
the Belgian coin of 2 euros?**

1 – René Magritte

2 – King Albert II

3 – Jan Claude Van Damme

Who is the current High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs?

1 – Angela Merkel

2 – Elmo

3 – Catherine Ashton



The EU wants the WTO to put more emphasis on what?

1 – preserve fish stocks and food quality

2 – football player wages

3 – financial transactions and taxes